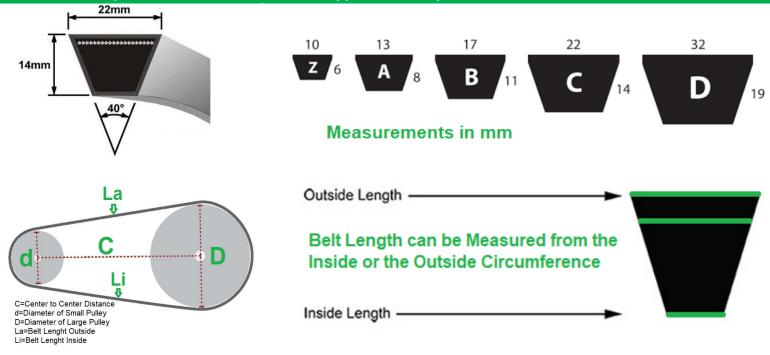
# V-BELT REPLACEMENT GUIDE

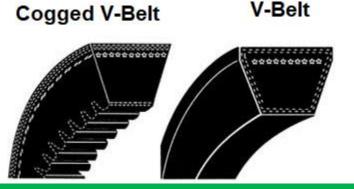


# How to Measure a V-Belt — If you don't have a belt measuring tool

Common Types of Drive Belts - Determine the Type of Belt you need.

The most accurate way to measure the circumference of a V-Belt is with a V-Belt measuring tool or using a Tailors tape measure (Not a steel measuring tape or ruler) An additional option is to wrap a small diameter string/rope around the belt, then measure the length of the string. Keep in mind belts do stretch and unfortunately there is no specific given value for how much a belt stretches. You'll also need to measure the width and depth to determine which type of Belt you need.



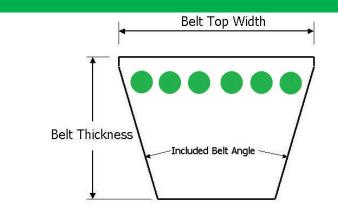


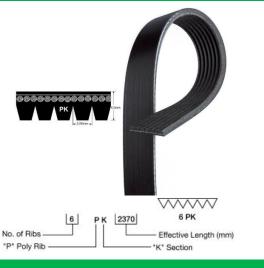
Cogged belts are same profile as the V-belts but have notches on the inside making them more flexible

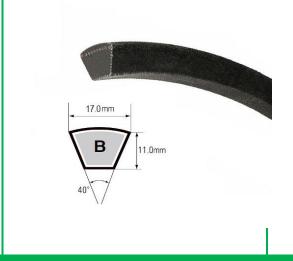
### **Classic V Belt Sections**

A/4L Section - 1/2" Width X 5/16" Depth B/5L Section - 5/8" Width X 13/32" Depth C Section - 7/8" Width X 17/32" Depth D Section - 1-1/4" Width X 3/4" Depth E Section - 1-1/2" Width X 29/32" Depth AX Cogged Section - 1/2" Width X 5/16" Depth BX Cogged Section - 5/8" Width X 13/32" Depth CX Cogged Section - 7/8" Width X 17/32" Depth

3L Section - 3/8" Width X 7/32" Depth









Multi-Rib Belts- PK

**B Section V-Belt -B** 

2/B Section V-Belt- 2HB





Cogged V-Belt –BX

2BX Cogged V-Belt -2RBX

C Section Cogged V-Belt -CX

Majority of Belt Manufacturers advertise A,B,C,D,E,AX,BX belts with the inside circumference measurement in inches after the letter of the V-Belt section. Example: A88 has an 88" inner circumference. You can Add or Subtract to the number you have to determine Inside (Li) or outside (La) circumference. Eg. By adding 2" to A88, we get 90" outside circumference If you measure the outer circumference, then you would subtract the number of inches based on the section you have to obtain the V-Belt inside circumference. This is also the same for the banded belts. Measure one band to obtain the correct width.

## **Examples of how belt numbers are coded per section:**

A Section= Add 2" to belt number (Example A88 = 90" Outside Circumference)

B Section= Add 3" to belt number (Example B88 = 91" Outside Circumference)

C Section= Add 4" to belt number (Example C88 = 92" Outside Circumference)

D Section= Add 5" to belt number (Example D105 = 110" Outside Circumference)

E Section= Add 6" to belt number (Example E144 = 150" Outside Circumference)

AX Section= Add 2" to belt number (Example AX60 = 62" Outside Circumference)

BX Section= Add 3" to belt number (Example BX50 = 53" Outside Circumference)

### **Covert inches to mm**

Multiply inches by 25.4 to get measurement in mm

Eg: A88" x 25.4 = 2235mm - A2235 Inside Circumference (Li) A90" x 25.4 = 2286mm - A2286 Outside Circumference (La)



# V-BELT REPLACEMENT GUIDE



## How to Measure a V-Belt — If you don't have a belt measuring tool

#### **Measuring Tools You Can Use**











**Belt Measuring Tool** 

**Measuring Tape** 

**Tailors Tape** 

Rope

**Vernier Caliper** 

#### Steps to Measure on an Old V-Belt – 1 Band

1- Measure the width of the Belt to determine the Section Type Eg. B section is approx. 17mm Wide Refer to page 1 for different Belt Sections

Mark the end point on the flat surface



Step 1

### Measure the Length of the Belt – With an Old V-belt

- 2- Mark the Side of the V-Belt with a white or visible coloured marker

  3- Mark the start point on a flat Surface eg: floor

  Step 3
  - 4- On the flat surface rotate the belt to start from the marked point on the belt

    Step 4
  - 5- Roll the belt straight forward along the flat surface until the marked point rolls back onto the flat surface
  - 7 Management the distance between the two wearled upint on the flat synforce to determine the ba
  - 7- Measure the distance between the two marked point on the flat surface to determine the belt outside circumference

### Measure the Length of the Belt – If the Belt is Missing – V-BELT

- 2- Loosen all Tensioning equipment to minimum setting eg. Belt Tensioners, Compressor Pulley/ mount plate & Idler Pulley
- 3- Use a rope to wrap around all pulleys On pulley A Use a rope to run around the top inner groove-Resting the rope on the groove edge, so when pushed in, it will fall into the pulley groove
- 4- On Pulley B/C- Now wrap the rope around the second/Third pulley so that it rests on the outer groove so when pushed in, it will fall into the pulley groove
- 5- Once rope has been wrapped all the way around the 2 pulleys –Mark the Ropes Start & Finish Points , remove from pulleys & take measurements

Step 2

Step 5

Step 6

Step 7

Step 3

Step 4

Step 5

